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1 1. (Currently Amended) An optical transceiver, comprising:

a transmitter comprising a laser diode and a laser driver providing a drive signal to the laser diode and capable to transmit high speed data;

- a receiver comprising a photodiode and signal recovery circuitry and capable to receive high speed data; and
- a microcontroller coupled to the said transmitter and receiver and providing a modulated power control current to the laser during an impulse test mode to transmit high optical power signal and monitoring received signals to detect reflections.
- 2. (Original) An optical transceiver as set out in claim 1, wherein said transmitter
- 2 and receiver are coupled to same fiber.
- 1 3. (Original) An optical transceiver as set out in claim 1, wherein said modulated
- 2 power control is controlling a laser driver that has modulation and bias power
- 3 control inputs and wherein said microcontroller modulates said bias control input
- 4 during said test mode.
- 4. (Currently Amended) An optical transceiver as set out in claim 1, wherein said
- 2 microcontroller modulates said power control signal employing, in addition to the
- 3 laser driver used for the data link, a dedicated transistor for direct high current
- 4 impulse drive of the laser.
- 5. (Original) An optical transceiver as set out in claim 1, wherein said receiver
- 2 further comprises a transimpedance amplifier coupled to the photodiode and
- 3 wherein said microcontroller monitors the output of said transimpedance amplifier
- 4 during said impulse test mode.
- 1 6. (Original) An optical transceiver as set out in claim 5, further comprising a
- 2 comparator coupled between the output of said transimpedance amplifier and

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3 said microcontroller, for detecting signals at the output of the transimpedance

- 4 amplifier.
- 7. (Original) An optical transceiver as set out in claim 6, wherein said comparator
- 2 detection level is controlled during the impulse test mode to be more sensitive
- 3 than during data transport mode.
- 8. (Original) An optical transceiver as set out in claim 1, wherein the impulse test
- 2 signal comprise a code sequence.
- 1 9. (Original) An optical transceiver as set out in claim 1, wherein said
- 2 microcontroller is capable to detect the code sequence at the output of the
- 3 comparator.
- 1 10. (Currently Amended) A method for detection of high optical reflection in a
- 2 fiber optic network, comprising:
- a single fiber link whereby data transport in both direction is conducted
- 4 through the same fiber at the same wavelength; and
- transmitting an impulse test signal by modulating a laser transmitter using
- 6 an impulse test transmission mode which is different than a data transmission
- 7 mode during normal operating conditions; and
- 8 detecting any received signals modulated using said test transmission
- 9 mode within a predetermined time period after said transmitting.
- 1 11. (Currently Amended) A method for fault detection in a fiber optic network as
- 2 set out in claim 10, wherein said test transmission mode comprises modulating
- 3 the same laser at a power level above the minimum threshold for normal data
- 4 transmission.
- 1 12. (Currently Amended) A method for fault detection in a fiber optic network as
- 2 set out in claim 10, wherein said test transmission mode comprises modulating

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- 3 the same laser at a frequency substantially lower than during normal data
- 4 transmission.
- 1 13. (Original) A method for high reflection detection in a fiber optic network as set
- 2 out in claim 10, further comprising detecting and measuring the time delay for
- receiving the reflected test pulse and determining the location of the reflection.
- 1 14. (Original) A method for fault detection in a fiber optic network as set out in
- 2 claim 13, further comprising increasing the laser transmitter power during
- 3 transmission of said short duration test pulse.
- 1 15. (Original) A method for fault detection in a fiber optic network as set out in
- 2 claim 10, further comprising increasing the detection sensitivity after the
- 3 transmission of the said short duration test pulse.